Malta

WBL 2.0 legal frameworks score

WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks score

WBL 2.0 expert

77.5

58.3

87.5

Women, Business and the Law 2024 (WBL 2024) identifies barriers for women's economic empowerment in three areas: women's legal rights, policy instruments designed to support the implementation of these rights, and how these rights are realized in practice. For that purpose, three new Women, Business and the Law 2.0 indexes are presented for ten indicators: (1) legal frameworks, (2) supportive frameworks, and (3) expert opinions. For the WBL 2.0 legal frameworks index, 40 questions are scored across the ten indicators for 190 economies. For the WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks index, 30 questions are scored across the ten indicators for 190 economies. Overall economy level legal and supportive frameworks scores are then calculated by taking the average of each indicator, with 100 representing the highest possible score. The WBL 2.0 expert opinions index is created for a total of 164 economies. Expert opinion scores are not available for 26 economies due to an insufficient number of responses received from those economies during data collection. Individual responses at the economy level for 15 expert opinions questions across the ten indicators are scored by taking the median value of all responses per question. The economy level expert opinions index is equal to the simple unweighted average of the ten indicator scores.

For Malta, data refer to the legal frameworks, supportive frameworks, and expert opinions that are applicable to the main business city (Valletta). The scores for Malta are shown in the table below.

Women, Business and the Law 2024 2.0 indicator scores

| | | | | | | | A B C | A | | |
|------------------------------|--------|----------|-----------|------|----------|------------|-----------|-----------------------|--------|---------|
| WBL 2.0 | Safety | Mobility | Workplace | Pay | Marriage | Parenthood | Childcare | Entrepren- eurship | Assets | Pension |
| Legal frameworks score | 75.0 | 100.0 | 50.0 | 75.0 | 100.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 50.0 | 100.0 | 75.0 |
| Supportive frameworks score | 100.0 | 100.0 | 33.3 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 66.7 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 33.3 | 50.0 |
| Expert opinions score | 62.5 | 100.0 | 81.3 | 50.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 93.8 | 100.0 | 87.5 |

In summary, the **WBL 2.0 legal frameworks score** for Malta (77.5 out of 100.0) is higher than the global average (64.2) and higher than the Middle East & North Africa regional average (38.6). When it comes to constraints on freedom of movement, constraints related to marriage and laws affecting women's property and inheritance, Malta obtains a perfect score (100.0 out of 100.0). As an example, one of the lowest scores for Malta is on the indicator measuring laws affecting women's decisions to work. To improve on the Workplace indicator, Malta may wish to consider prohibiting discrimination in recruitment based on marital status, parental status, and age and allowing employees to request flexible work.

The **WBL 2.0** supportive frameworks score for Malta (58.3 out of 100.0) is higher than the global average (39.5) and higher than the Middle East & North Africa regional average (24.9). When it comes to supportive frameworks affecting women's safety, supportive frameworks affecting freedom of movement, supportive frameworks related to marriage and supportive frameworks affecting childcare, Malta obtains a perfect score (100.0 out of 100.0). As an example, one of the lowest scores for Malta is on the indicator measuring supportive frameworks affecting women's pay. To improve on the Pay



indicator, Malta may wish to consider putting in place pay transparency measures or enforcement mechanisms to address the gender pay gap and publishing sex-disaggregated data on employment in different industries or sectors at least on an annual basis.

The **WBL 2.0 expert opinions score** for Malta (87.5 out of 100.0) is higher than the global average (65.7) and higher than the Middle East & North Africa regional average (66.0). When it comes to expert opinions on freedom of movement, expert opinions on marriage, expert opinions on women's work after having children, expert opinions on childcare and expert opinions on women's property and inheritance, Malta obtains a perfect score (100.0 out of 100.0). As an example, one of the lowest scores for Malta is on the indicator measuring expert opinions on women's pay.

WBL 2.0 legal frameworks data

| QUESTION | ANSWER | LEGAL BASIS |
|---|--------|--|
| Safety | | |
| Does the law address child marriage? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Does the law address sexual harassment? | Yes | Employment and Industrial Relations Act, Arts. 29, 30(2) and 32; Equality for Men and Women Act, Arts. 9 and 19(1); Criminal Code, Art. 251AA(3)(d) and 251AA(4) |
| Does the law address domestic violence? | Yes | Domestic Violence Act, Art. 2; Criminal Code, Arts. 202(h)(i), 222(1)(a), 251BA and 412C |
| Does the law address femicide? | Yes | Criminal Code, Art. 211A; Act No. X of 2022 |
| Mobility | | |
| Can a woman choose where to live in the same way as a man? | Yes | Civil Code, Art. 3A |
| Can a woman travel internationally in the same way as a man? | Yes | Passport Regulations, Arts. 2(1-a) and 4 |
| Can a woman travel outside her home in the same way as a man? | Yes | No restrictions could be located |
| Do a woman and a man have equal rights to confer citizenship on their spouses and their children? | Yes | Citizenship Act, Arts. 5 and 6(1) |
| Workplace | | |
| Can a woman get a job in the same way as a man? | Yes | Civil Code, Arts. 3 and 1324 |
| Does the law explicitly prohibit discrimination in recruitment based on marital status, parental status, and age? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Does the law prohibit discrimination in employment based on gender? | Yes | Employment and Industrial Relations Act, Sec. 26; Equal Treatment in Employment Regulations, Sec. 3 |
| Does the law allow employees to request flexible work? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Pay | | |
| Does the law mandate equal remuneration for work of equal value? | Yes | Employment and Industrial Relations Act, Sec. 27 |
| Can a woman work at night in the same way as a man? | Yes | No restrictions could be located |
| Can a woman work in a job deemed dangerous in the same way as a man? | Yes | No restrictions could be located |
| Can a woman work in an industrial job in the same way as a man? | No | Work Places Act, Sec. 15 |
| Marriage | | |
| Is the law free of legal provisions that require a married woman to obey her husband? | Yes | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Can a woman be "head of household" or "head of family" in the same way as a man? | Yes | Civil Code, Art. 1238; Social Security Act, Ch. 318, Art. 2 |
| Can a woman obtain a judgment of divorce in the same way as a man? | Yes | Civil Code, Art. 66A |
| Does a woman have the same rights to remarry as a man? | Yes | Civil Code, Art. 66L(1) |
| Parenthood | | |
| | | |



| Is paid leave of at least 14 weeks available to mothers? | Yes | Protection of Maternity (Employment) Regulations, Secs. 6 and 7; The Work-Life Balance for Parents and Carers Regulations, Sec. 6 |
|--|-----|--|
| Are leave benefits for mothers paid solely by the government? | No | Protection of Maternity (Employment) Regulations, Sec. 6 and 7 |
| Is paid leave available to fathers? | Yes | The Work-Life Balance for Parents and Carers Regulations, Secs. 4-6 |
| Is dismissal of pregnant workers prohibited? | Yes | Subsidiary Legislation 452.91 of 5 January 2004, Sec. 12; Employment and Industrial Relations Act, Sec. 36(14)(d) |
| Childcare | | |
| Does the law establish the provision of center-based childcare services? | Yes | Education Act 2021, Ch. 605, Secs. 2, 4(2)(d), 21 and 22; Legal Notice No. 54 of 2008 on Registration of Childcare Facilities, Secs. 2-3; Official Website of the Ministry of Education; Official Government Portal (JobsPlus), Free Childcare Scheme |
| Does the law establish any form of support for families for childcare services? | Yes | Official Government Portal (JobsPlus), Free Childcare Scheme; Official Website of the Government, Work and Employment Services; Legal Notice No. 466 of 2010, Sec. 2(a)(b); Income Tax Act, Secs. 14C-14H |
| Does the law establish any form of support for nonstate childcare providers? | Yes | Official Government Portal (JobsPlus), Terms and Conditions For Free Childcare Scheme Childcare Service Providers; Income Tax Act, Sec. 14(1)(n); Subsidiary Legislation No. 123.118 on Deduction (Childcare Facilities at the Workplace) Rules 2011, Sec. 3 |
| Does the law establish quality standards for the provision of center-based childcare services? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Entrepreneurship | | |
| Can a woman undertake entrepreneurial activities in the same way as a man? | Yes | Civil Code, Art. 967 |
| Does the law prohibit discrimination in access to credit based on gender? | Yes | Equality for Men and Women Act, Sec. 6 |
| Does the law prescribe a gender quota for corporate boards? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Does the law include gender-sensitive procurement provisions for public procurement processes? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Assets | | |
| Do a woman and a man have equal administrative power and ownership rights to immovable property, including land? | Yes | Civil Code, Arts. 1322 and 1332 |
| Do sons and daughters have equal rights to inherit assets? | Yes | Civil Code, Art. 811 |
| Do male and female surviving spouses have equal rights to inherit assets? | Yes | Civil Code, Art. 810 |
| Does the law provide for the valuation of nonmonetary contributions? | Yes | Civil Code, Arts. 1316(1), 1319-1321 and 1333 |
| Pension | | |
| Are the ages at which a woman and a man can retire with full pension benefits the same? | Yes | Social Security Act, Sec. 2 |
| Are the ages at which a woman and a man can retire with partial pension benefits the same? | Yes | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Is the mandatory retirement age for a woman and a man the same? | Yes | Employment and Industrial Relations Act, Sec. 36(14) |
| Are periods of absence due to childcare accounted for in pension benefits? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |

WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks data

| QUESTION | ANSWER | SOURCE |
|--|--------|---|
| Safety | | |
| Has the government developed comprehensive mechanisms to address violence against women? | Yes | Sexual Harassment Code of Practice, National Commission for the Promotion of Equality; Care for Victims of Sexual Assault (CVSA) |
| Are special procedures in place for cases of sexual harassment? | Yes | Equality for Men and Women Act, Secs. 12(1) and 17(2); National Commission for the Promotion of Equality Complaints Procedure |



| Is a government entity responsible for monitoring and implementing national services, plans and programs addressing violence against women? | Yes | Commission on Gender-Based Violence and Domestic Violence |
|--|-----|--|
| Is an annual budgetary allocation devoted to violence against women risk mitigation, prevention, and response programs? | Yes | Budget 2023 |
| Mobility | | |
| Are passport application processes the same for a woman and a man? | Yes | Passport application form |
| Are the application processes for official identity documents the same for a woman and a man? | Yes | ID application procedures |
| Does a current policy or plan explicitly consider the specific mobility needs of women in public transportation? | Yes | National Transport Strategy 2050 |
| Workplace | | |
| Does a specialized body receive complaints about gender discrimination in employment? | Yes | Equality for Men and Women Act, Arts. 2 and 12 |
| Has the government published guidelines on nondiscrimination based on gender in recruitment? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Has the government published guidelines on flexible work arrangements? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Pay | | |
| Are pay transparency measures or enforcement mechanisms in place to address the pay gap? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Have sex-disaggregated data on employment in different industries or sectors been published? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Marriage | | |
| Is there a fast-track process or procedure for family law disputes? | Yes | Court practice and procedure and good order rules, Art. 19(6) |
| Are there specialized family courts? | Yes | Subsidiary legislation 12.20, Arts. 1 and 2 |
| Is legal aid available for family law disputes? | Yes | Legal Aid Malta |
| Parenthood | | |
| Is it possible to apply for maternity benefits through a single government application process? | Yes | Social Security Portal |
| Are incentives in place to encourage fathers to take paternity leave on the birth of a child? | Yes | The Work-Life Balance for Parents and Carers Regulations, Sec. 12 |
| Have sex-disaggregated data on unpaid care work been published? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Childcare | | |
| Is there a publicly available registry or database of childcare providers? | Yes | Official Website of the Foundation for Educational Services (FES); Official Website of the Ministry of Education; Office of the Commissioner for Revenue |
| Is there a clearly outlined application procedure to request financial support from the government for childcare services by parents? | Yes | Official Government Portal (JobsPlus), Application for Free Childcare Scheme; Official Website of Government Services |
| Is there a clearly outlined application procedure to request financial support from the government for childcare services by nonstate childcare providers? | Yes | Official Government Portal (JobsPlus), Terms and Conditions For Free Childcare Scheme Childcare Service Providers |
| Has the government published any reports on the quality of childcare services? | Yes | Official Website of the Directorate for Quality and Standards in Education |
| Entrepreneurship | | |
| Have sex-disaggregated data on business activities, entrepreneurship, or women-owned businesses been published? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Are government-led programs supporting female entrepreneurs providing access to finance and training, coaching, or business development? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Does a current national government plan or strategy focus on women's access to financial services? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Assets | | |
| | | |

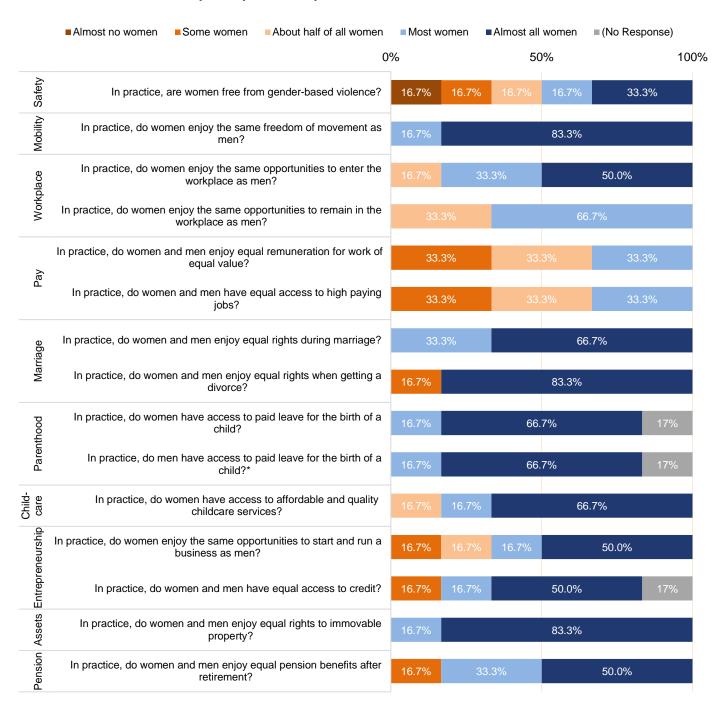




| Are mechanisms or incentives in place to encourage women to register immovable property (including joint titling)? | Yes | Civil Code, Art. 633 |
|---|-----|---|
| Are awareness measures in place to improve women's access to information about marital and inheritance rights? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Have anonymized sex-disaggregated data on property ownership been published? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Pension | | |
| Are incentives in place to increase women's retirement benefits? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Is a procedure in place for pension beneficiaries to challenge the decisions of the competent authority regarding their benefits? | Yes | Appeal against a Decision by the Department of Social Security portal |



WBL 2.0 distribution of expert opinion responses



^{*}Note: The response options for the second Parenthood question above are formatted as almost no men, some men, about half of all men, most men, almost all men.

